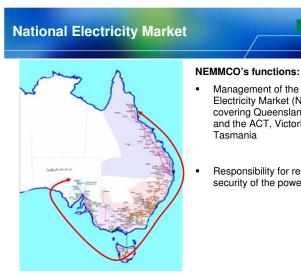




- > National Electricity Market Overview
- > Energy Security Challenges
- > Response to Challenges



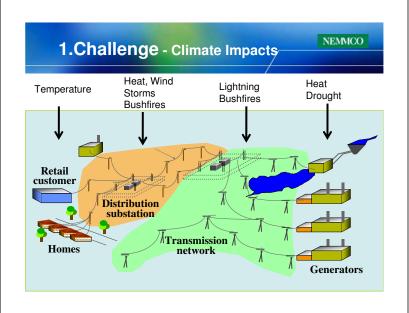
NEMMCO

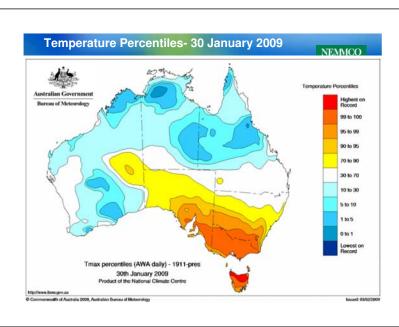
- Management of the National Electricity Market (NEM) covering Queensland, NSW and the ACT, Victoria, SA and Tasmania
- Responsibility for reliability and security of the power system

Energy Security Challenges

NEMMCO

- > Climate Change
- > Changing Technology to Address CO₂
- > Financial Crisis and Financial risks





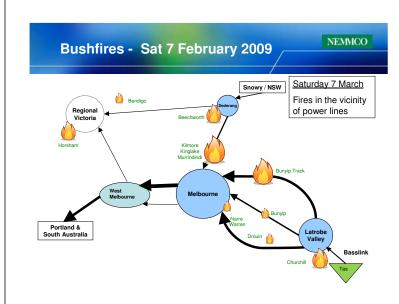
Extreme Heat Incidents - Supply shortfalls

NEMMCO

Thursday 29 and Friday 30 January 2009

- > Demands reached record levels due to record temperatures
 - Victoria 10,446+MW (previous 9,818MW), SA 3,370+MW (Prev 3,151MW)
- $\succ\,$ Some Victorian generators reduced supply by 300-400 MW due to heat
- > Basslink cable from Tasmania ran back from 500MW to 0 due to heat
- > Insufficient supply to meet demand
- > Load shedding of 400 500MW across Victoria and South Australia

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Sunday 8 February 2009 Snowy / NSW Regional Victoria 2 x 330kV 1 x 220kV Regional Victoria Portland & Separated from NSW 200 MW of load shedding Portland & South Australia Portland & South Australia Portland & South Australia

Climate Change - Response

NEMMCO

Addressed by routine power system risk management

- System is designed and operated to cover for the loss of any item at any time
- System is vulnerable when multiple events occur especially at times of stress
- > Routine assessment of energy adequacy out 2 years
- > Regular power system emergency exercises
- Actively participate in AG's Trusted Information Sharing Network

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Climate Change - Response

NEMMCO

Further Developments

- > Improved forecasting of demand and supply under extreme heat
- Increasing flexibility Market Operator to recruit "supply" under low reserve conditions
- > Stronger approach to national transmission planning

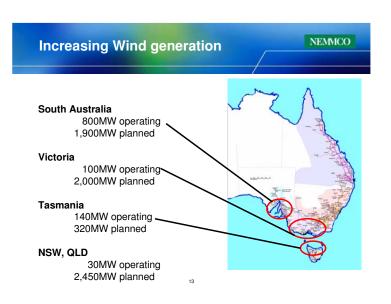
2. Challenge - Changing Technologies

NEMMCO

- > Required to reduce CO₂ emissions
 - moving from Coal to low emission technology
- Need to ensure the transition does not impact reliability of supply
- > Need to accommodate new technologies
 - greater amounts of Wind generation

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Response to Changing Technologies

NEMMCO

Policy level

- ➤ Moderate CO₂ reduction targets
- > Compensate coal fired generators

Operational level

- > Modeling of operational impacts out 2 years
- > Improved wind generation forecasting

Market Design

- Market design changed to permit the semi-dispatch of wind generators
- > AEMC review of NEM design in context of CPRS and ERET

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Australian Wind Energy Forecasting System (AWEFS)

NEMMCO

- > Forecasting wind generation is a challenge
- Project financed by Australian Government
- Forecast timeframes from dispatch (5 minutes ahead) to medium term reserve assessment (2 years ahead)
- Collection and analysis of information to support research organisations



3.Challenge - Financial Risks

NEMMCO

> Financial Crisis

- . Refinancing risks for key NEM participants
- · Financing difficulties for required new investment
- . Financial risks from the NEM design exacerbated by financial crisis

Market design risks

- Energy only market requires volatile pricing
- · Gross pool results in large settlement amounts
- Separate settlement of spot and financial contracts results in circular cash flows
- . Length of settlement cycle (33 days) results in large credit support
- · Very short timeframes to deliver cash or credit support
- . Defaults will lead to rapid need to transfer customers (RoLR)

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Response to Financial risks

NEMMCO

- > Regularly assess future supply adequacy out to 10 years (SOO)
- > Regular desk top exercises of financial failures and RoLR
- > Reviewing the retailer of last resort process
- > Offset spot and financial transactions (reallocations)
- > Provide flexible arrangements for Retailers

Energy Security Challenges

NEMMCO

- > Climate Change
 - . Mainly managed by routine processes
- ➤ Changing Technology to Address CO₂
 - · Addressed by policy, operational and NEM design
- > Financial Crisis and Financial risks
 - · Regular monitoring and increased flexibility

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